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**F.Y.B.Sc. (Regular)**  
**24MAT12101: Calculus of One Variable**  
**(Semester II)**

**Program: BscGen03**  
**Program Specific: Mathematics**  
**Course Type: Core Course**

**Credits: 2**  
**Time: 2 Hours**  
**Max. Marks: 30**  
**SET: A**

**Instructions to the candidate:**

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw a well labelled diagram wherever necessary.

**Q1) Attempt ANY FOUR of the following.**

**[4 X 2 = 8]**

- a) Define (a) Modulus function (b) Limit of a function.
- b) Find all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  which satisfy  $|2x - 3| < 5$ .
- c) State Boundedness Theorem.
- d) Discuss the continuity of the function  $f(x)$  if  $f(x) = \frac{|x-2|}{x-2}$ ,  $x \neq 2$   
 $= 0$ ,  $x = 2$ .
- e) Does the root of the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 7x + 1$  lies in the interval  $[-1, 0]$ ?  
Justify your answer.
- f) Find the maximum value of the function  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$ .

**Q2) Attempt ANY THREE of the following.**

**[3 X 4 = 12]**

- a) Find the left hand and right hand limit of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3|x|+2x}{-|x|-4x}$ .
- b) Sketch the graph of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ ,  $x \neq 0$ .
- c) Suppose that a function  $f$  is continuous on the closed interval  $[a, b]$  and derivable on the open interval  $(a, b)$  and  $f'(x) = 0$  for every  $x \in (a, b)$  then prove that  $f$  is constant on  $[a, b]$ .
- d) Discuss the continuity of the function  $f(x)$  defined as  
 $f(x) = x$ , if  $0 \leq x < \frac{1}{2}$   
 $= 1 - x$ , if  $\frac{1}{2} \leq x < 1$   
 $= x^2$ , if  $1 \leq x < 2$ .

- e) Verify Cauchy's Mean Value Theorem for the functions  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = x^3$  in the interval  $[1, 2]$ . Hence find the value of  $c$ .

**Q3) Attempt ANY TWO of the following:**

**[2 X 5 = 10]**

a) State and prove Rolle's Theorem.

b) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1 - x}{\log(1+x) - x}$ .

c) Find  $\alpha, \beta$  if the function  $f(x)$  is continuous on  $(-3, 5)$ , where

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x + \alpha, \quad -3 < x < 1 \\ &= 3x + 2, \quad 1 \leq x < 3 \\ &= \beta + x, \quad 3 \leq x < 5. \end{aligned}$$